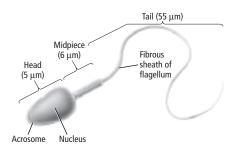
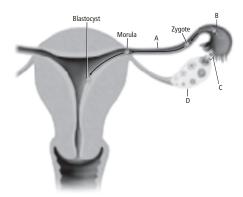
Name



- A head
- **B** midpiece
- C tail
- **D** acrosome
- **2** Through which do sperm travel after leaving the testes?
 - A vas deferens
 - **B** urethra
 - C epididymis
 - **D** seminal vesicles
- **3** Which structure does not contribute to semen?
 - A bulbourethral gland
 - **B** prostate gland
 - **C** seminal vesicle
 - **D** seminiferous tubule
- 4 Which hormone stimulates the production and secretion of testosterone in the testes?
 - A FSH
 - **B** Estrogen
 - C LH
 - D GnRH
- 6 Which describes ovulation?
 - **A** A follicle ruptures and releases an egg.
 - **B** An egg turns in the ovary.
 - **C** The endometrium breaks down.
 - **D** A sperm joins with an egg.

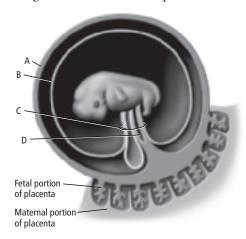
- **A** the embryo
- **B** the corpus luteum
- **C** the zygote
- **D** the placenta
- **7** For how long can sperm survive in the female reproductive tract?
 - A 12 hours
 - **B** 24 hours
 - C 48 hours
 - **D** 72 hours
- **8** Where does fertilization take place in the below diagram?



- A A
- **B** B
- **C** C
- \mathbf{D} D
- Where will the blastocyst implant itself and develop?
 - **A** in the ovary
 - **B** in the oviduct
 - **C** in the uterus
 - **D** in the vagina
- Which sequence describes human development during the first week after fertilization?
 - **A** egg→morula→blastocyst→zygote
 - **B** egg→zygote→morula→blastocyst
 - C morula→blastocyst→egg→zygote
 - **D** morula→egg→zygote→blastocyst

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Use the diagram below to answer questions 11 and 12.



- Which extraembryonic membrane develops into the fetal portion of the placenta?
 - A A
 - **B** B
 - **C** C
 - \mathbf{D} D
- 12 Identify the structure labeled C?
 - A amnion
 - **B** yolk sac
 - C allantois
 - **D** umbilical cord

- Prior to puberty, the development of eggs is stopped at which phase of meiosis?
 - A first meiotic division
 - **B** second meiotic division
 - **C** when polar bodies form
 - **D** when a zygote forms
- Which stimulates involuntary uterine muscles to contract?
 - **A** human growth hormone
 - **B** oxytocin
 - **C** thyroxine
 - **D** estrogen
- Heavy cigarette smoking and use of alcohol throughout pregnancy usually increases the likelihood of ______.
 - A multiple births
 - **B** birth of a male child
 - **C** a baby with a viral infection
 - **D** a baby being born with medical problems